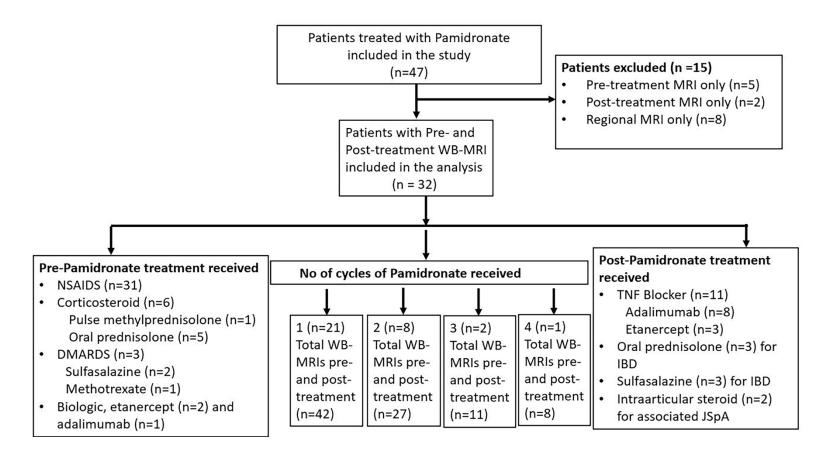
## **ONLINE SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL**

Supplementary Figure 1. Flow diagram shows the case selection process, details of pamidronate cycles and treatment received before and after pamidronate therapy.



DMARD: disease-modifying antirheumatic drug; IBD: inflammatory bowel disease; JSpA: juvenile spondyloarthritis; NSAID: nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drug; TNF: tumor necrosis factor; WB-MRI: whole-body magnetic resonance imaging.

Supplementary Table 1. Whole-body MRI scoring system used for quantifying the CNO lesions in this study.

	Whole-Body MRI Scoring System for the CNO Lesions																				
					•	•	•			•						•				Posteri	or
										narrow signa								Vertebi		elemen	ıt
			Bone r	narrow s			Ivement of	score (on comparison with			Soft tissue high						collapse in			involvement in	
Location				1	the bone	area)	1	adjacent vessel or fluid signal)			sig	gnal int	ensity	Boi	ne ex	cpansion	spine		spine		
										_	Equal or										
										Less	more										
										than the adjacent	than adjacent										
Appendicular			None	<25%	25-49%	50-74%	75-100%		None	vessel or	vessel or	No	ne	Present	Nor	ne	Present	None	Present	None	Present
Skeleton			(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(0)	fluid (1)	fluid (2)	(0)		(1)	(0)		(1)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(1)
Clavicle (R and				. ,		. ,				. ,	, ,	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \					.,		, ,	1	
L)																					
Scapula (R and																					
L)																					
		Proximal																			
	Humerus	epimetaphysis																			
	(R and L)	Diaphysis																			
	,	Distal																			
		epimetaphysis																			
Upper		Proximal																			
extremity	Radius	epimetaphysis																			
	(R and L)	Diaphysis Distal																			
		epimetaphysis																			
		Proximal																			
	Ulna (R and	epimetaphysis																			
	L)	Diaphysis																			
		1																			

		Distal										
		epimetaphysis										
		Proximal										
	Femur (R	epimetaphysis										
	and L)	Diaphysis										
	and L)	Distal										
		epimetaphysis										
		Proximal										
Lower	Tibia (R	epimetaphysis										
extremity	and L)	Diaphysis										
extremity	and L)	Distal										
		epimetaphysis										
		Proximal										
	Fibula (R	epimetaphysis										
	and L)	Diaphysis										
		Distal										
		epimetaphysis										
	Ilium (R and											
	L)											
	Periacetabu											
Pelvis	lar region											
	(R and L)											
	Ischium and											
	or pubis (R											
	and L)											
Axial Skeleton												
Skull (R and L)												
Mandible (R												
and L)												
Ribs (R and L)												
<u> </u>	1	<b>_</b>		<u> </u>	L L	L.	1 1	L	 ı	l	 	

Sternum									
Spine									
(vertebral body)									
(From C1-L5)									
Sacrum (R and									
L)									
Соссух									

Note: Number of hand and feet lesions were counted and scored based only on number of bones involved separately for the right and left side without further grading based on different above items. CNO=chronic nonbacterial osteomyelitis.

**Supplementary Table 2.** Baseline demographic, clinical, laboratory data, and treatment details from the patients included in this study.

Characteristic	
Demographics (per patient, n= 32)	
Male sex, no. (%)	11 (34.37%)
	21 (65.62%)
Mean age at disease onset, years (range)	11.5 (7.3-17)
Mean duration of symptom onset Pre-IV Pamidronate therapy, months	31 (4-90)
Family history of autoimmune disease, no. (%)	20 (62.5%)
Positive HLA-B27, no. (%)	1 (3.12%)
Clinical (per baseline MRI examination, n= up to 32)	
Median affected CNO sites count (clinical assessment only), no. (IQR)	3 (1.75-4.25)
Localized swelling, no. (%)	17 (53.12%)
Bone pain, no. (%)	32 (100%)
Median baseline VAS score for pain, no. (IQR)	19 (0.7-5.6)
Systemic symptoms, no (%)	
Fever	1 (3.12%)
Weight loss	0
Fatigue	0
Gastrointestinal symptoms (abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea)	2 (6.25%)
Rash, no. (%)	2 (6.25%)
Enthesitis, no. (%)	3 (9.37%)
Uveitis	1 (3.12%)
Laboratory (per baseline MRI examination, n=up to 32)	
Increased CRP, no. (%)	23/32 (71.8%)
Increased ESR, no. (%)	21/32 (65.6%)
Increased serum calcium, no. (%)	5/32 (15.6%)
Increased serum alkaline phosphatase, no. (%)	1/30 (3.3%)
Low serum alkaline phosphatase, no. (%)	6/30 (20%)
Mean baseline serum C-telopeptide (ng/L) (range)	1192.43 (354-2060, n=16)
Bone biopsy, no. (%)	13 (40.6%)
Treatment details	
Total no. of cycles of IV Pamidronate, mean (range)	1.46 (1-4)
Total Pamidronate dose (mg) of all cycles, median (IQR)	122 (94.25-164)
Cumulative IV Pamidronate Dose (mg/kg/year), median (IQR)	2.89 (2.8-2.96)

IV = intravenous; CNO = chronic nonbacterial osteomyelitis; IQR = interquartile range; CRP = C-reactive protein; ESR = erythrocyte sedimentation rate; VAS = visual analogue scale.

**Supplementary Table 3.** Prevalence of CNO lesions on first pre-treatment WB-MRI for all 32 patients.

Regions assessed on WB-MRI	Number examined (on first pretreatmen t MRI)	Bone ma lesion	-	Bone Expansio n	Soft tissue hyperintensity	
Head						
Skull	64	2	3%	0	0	
Mandible	64	4	6%	2	2	
Total	128	6	5%	2	2	
Shoulder girdle						
Clavicle	64	9	21.8 %	3	4	
Scapula	64	4	6%	0	0	
Total	128	13	10%	3	4	
Thorax	120	13	10 /6	3	4	
Sternum	32	2	6%	0	0	
Ribs	768	2	0.3%	0	0	
Total	800	4	0.5%	0	0	
Pelvis	0.4		00/		4	
Ilium	64	5	8%	0	1	
Sacrum	64	21	33%	1	0	
Periacetabulum	64	11	17%	0	5	
Ischium/pubis	64	7	11%	0	1	
Coccyx	32	11	3%	0	0	
Total	288	45	16%	1	7	
Upper limb Humerus proximal						
metaepiphysis	64	3	5%	0	0	
Humerus diaphysis	64	2	3%	1	1	
Humerus distal metaepiphysis	64	3	5%	0	0	
Radius proximal metaepiphysis	64	0	0%	0	0	
Radius diaphysis	64	0	0%	0	0	
Radius distal metaepiphysis	64	13	20%	0	0	
Ulna proximal metaepiphysis	64	3	5%	0	0	
Ulna diaphysis	64	1	2%	0	0	
Ulna distal metaepiphysis	64	13	20%	0	0	
Total	576	38	7%	1	1	
Lower limb						
Femur proximal metaepiphysis	64	12	19%	1	1	
Femur diaphysis	64	4	6%	1	2	
Femur distal metaepiphysis	64	32	50%	2	4	
Tibia proximal metaepiphysis	64	32	50%	0	3	
Tibia diaphysis	64	3	5%	0	1	
Tibia distal metaepiphysis	64	42	66%	0	10	
Fibula proximal metaepiphysis	64	8	13%	0	0	
Fibula diaphysis	64	0	0%	0	0	
Fibula distal metaepiphysis	64	20	31%	0	5	
Patella	64	2	3%	0	0	
Total	640	155	24%	4	26	

Spine	Number Examined	Marrow re involve		Collapse	Soft tissue high signal	Posterior Element	
cervical	224	2 1%		1	0	2	
Thoracic	384	9	2%	3	1	0	
Lumbar	160	7	4%	1	1	0	
Total	768	18	2%	5	2	2	
		Involvemen					
	64x27=172						
Hands	8	11	0.6%				
	64x26=166						
Feet	4	97	6%				
Total	3392	108	3%				

## **Supplementary Table 4.** Treatment response of WB-MRI lesions to pamidronate.

Number of cycles	Number of patients included in those cycles (n)	Lesions (=>1) on pre- treatment MRI (n)	Lesions resolved (=>1 to <1) (% of pretreatment lesions)	Lesions persisted (=>1 to =>1) (includes partly improved, stable and worsened lesions)	Lesions worsened (post > pre, not including new) (% of pretreatment lesions)	New lesions (<1 to >1) (% of pretreatment lesions)	Lesions (=>1) on post- treatment MRI (n)
1	32	279	96 (34)	183	21 (7.5)	46 (16.4)	229
2	11	94	71 (76)	23	2 (2)	14 (14.9)	37
3	3	16	8 (50)	8	0	4	12
4	1	13	9 (69)	4	0	1	5

This frequency table does not include hands and feet bone lesions, because the hand and feet lesions were not tracked per lesion over time in contrast to the remainder.