Online supplement to Complement Consumption in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Leads to Decreased Opsonophagocytosis *In Vitro. The Journal of Rheumatology,* doi:10.3899/jrheum.171325

Supplementary Table 1. Prevalence of infections in 165 SLE patients during the period of 1.5 years.

Number of infections	Number of	Percentage, %
during the period	subjects	
0	93	56.4
1	40	24.2
2	24	14.5
3	5	3.0
4	3	1.8

SLE: systemic lupus erythematosus.

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Supplementary Figure 1. Relationship between serum levels of complement factors and infection risk in 165 SLE patients. (A) The percentage of patients with at least one infection and (B) the number of infections per SLE patient with normal ($\geq 0.76 \text{ g/L}$), low (0.50-0.76 g/L), and very low (<0.50 g/L) serum levels of complement factor 3. (C) The percentage of patients with at least on infection and (D) the number of infections per SLE patient with ($\geq 0.13 \text{ g/L}$), low (0.087-0.13 g/L), and very low (<0.087 g/L) serum levels of complement factor 4.

