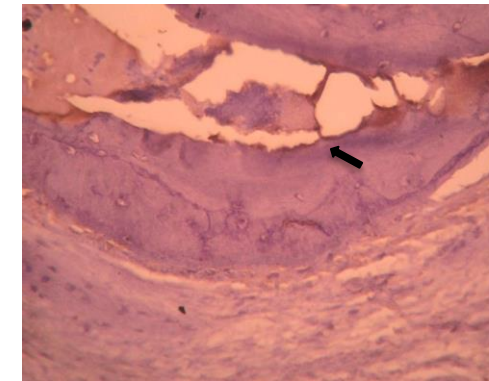
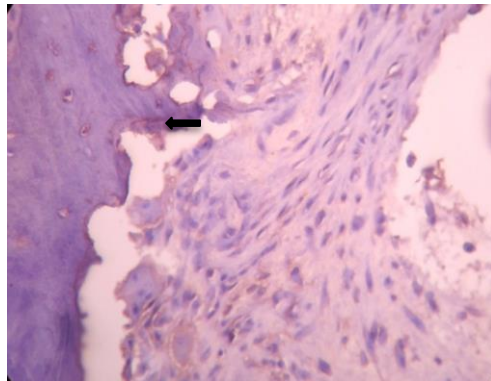
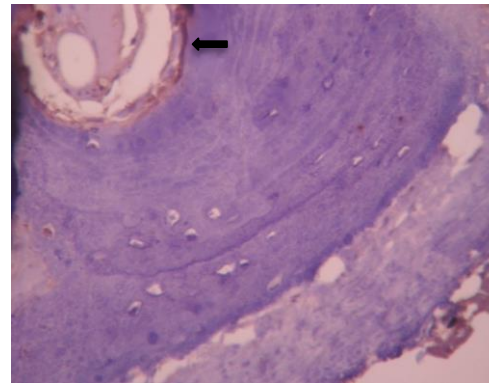
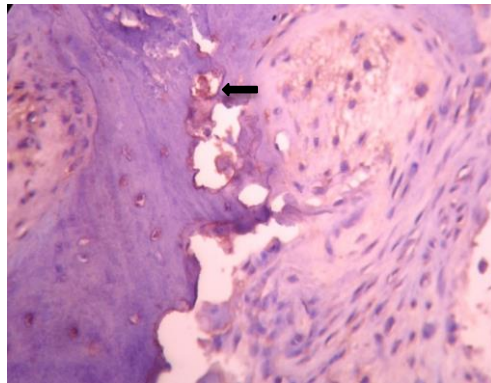
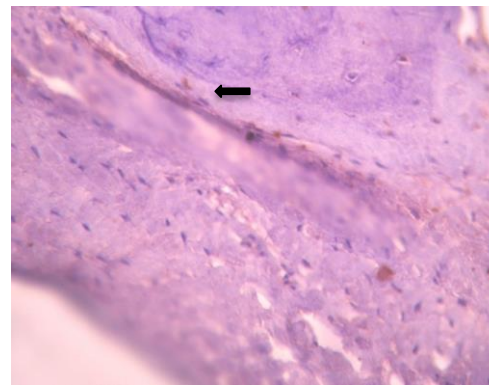
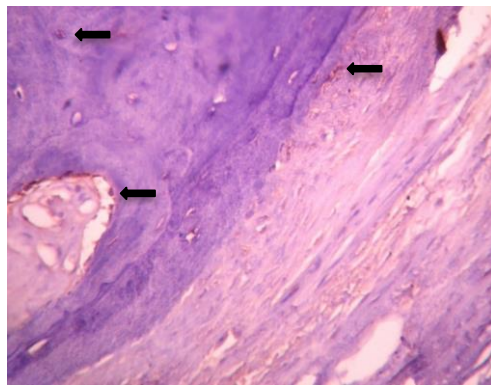




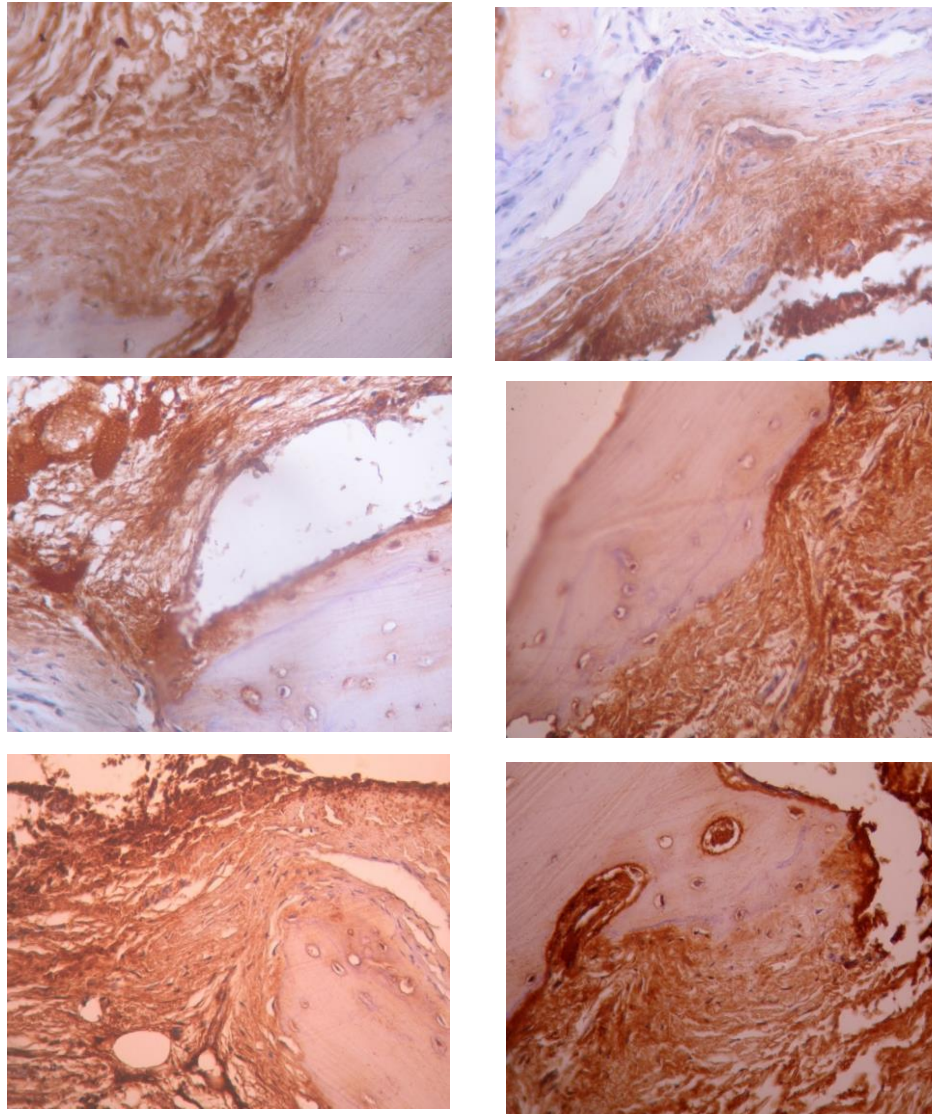
Supplemental Figure 1. Combined clinical (A, B), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) STIR sequence (C-F), and radiograph (G) of a 27-year-old B27+ patient with ankylosing tarsitis (AT) and ankylosing spondylitis. Arrow in F shows edema surrounding tendon sheaths.

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Supplementary Figure 2. Osteocalcin detection by immunohistochemistry staining in biopsies of patients without ankylosing tarsitis. Arrows show the positive detection in bone structures.



Supplementary Figure 3. Osteocalcin (OCN) detection by immunohistochemistry staining in biopsies of patients with ankylosing tarsitis. The OCN is strongly expressed in the bone and entheses.